



Net Zero Report - Carbon Reduction Plan

Univet, Tullyvin, Co. Cavan, Ireland

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**Celtic Dynamics** 



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#### **Net Zero Commitment**

Univet recognises the importance of making a full and lasting commitment to reducing the greenhouse gas emissions from our activities, in support of the wider commitment of the world to limit global temperature increases and the impact on the planet.

We commit to the following:

- 1. For our company to achieve Net Zero in line with the Science Based targets set out by the UNFCCC, i.e. to achieve Net Zero no later than 2050 and target a 63% reduction in direct emissions by 2035.
- 2. To set realistic short- and long-term targets that are designed to achieve our Net Zero commitments.
- 3. To report the total Greenhouse Gas emissions of our business, at a minimum, on an annual basis.

	Year	Target Reduction from Baseline
Commitment to be Net Zero	2050	100%
Direct Emissions Reduction	2035	63%

Table 1. Company Targets



### 1. Company Overview

Univet is a Private Limited Company (LTD). Company registered in Ireland, with a head office address of Univet, Tullyvin, Co. Cavan, Ireland, H16 T183.

Year	January-2024 to December-2024
Industry	Pharmaceutical
No. of Staff	95
No. of Offices – Owned	1
No. of Offices – Leased	0
No. of Company Vehicles - Owned	0
No. of Company Vehicles - Leased	0

Table 2. Company Overview

Univet's predominant activity is Veterinary Pharmaceutical Manufacturing. Univet Ltd develops, manufactures, and distributes a wide range of veterinary pharmaceutical products, including sterile injectable preparations, oral powders, premixes, intramammary products, nutritional supplements, and anthelmintics. These products are designed to support the health and treatment of both companion animals and livestock, particularly ruminants and swine. The company operates under Good Manufacturing Practice (GMP) standards and maintains a comprehensive pharmacovigilance system to ensure regulatory compliance and product safety. Univet exports the majority of its output to international markets and continues to expand its manufacturing capacity in response to global demand. Univet also invests significantly in research and development, collaborating with national funding bodies to bring new veterinary formulations to market. Its activities are supported by an established regulatory affairs function and a focus on continuous improvement in quality and operational efficiency.

#### 2. Reporting Period

Information was provided from the period of January-2024 to December-2024. This is used as the reporting period.



# 3. Organisational Boundary

This report calculates the organisation's Cradle to Gate emissions, encompassing Scope 1, Scope 2, and relevant Upstream Scope 3 Emissions as per the GHG Protocol

Approach	Description	Approach Taken
Operational Control	The organisation has operational control over an operation if it or one of its subsidiaries has the full authority to introduce and implement its operating policies at the operation.	Yes
Financial Control	The organisation has financial control over the operation if it has the ability to direct the financial and operating policies of the organisation with a view to gaining economic benefits from its activities.	No
Equity Share	The organisation accounts for GHG emissions from operations according to its share of equity in the operation.	No

Table 3. Carbon Neutral Commitment

### 4. Operational Scopes

Emissions from Scope 1 and 2 have been measured along with certain Scope 3 emissions. Unless otherwise stated, the scope 2 emissions presented in this report were derived using the Location calculation method. The Scope 3 emissions that have been included are those that have been practical to measure with available data, which are as follows:

Scope:	Emissions Category:	Included:	Reason for Omission:
1	Energy	Yes	
1	Refrigerant	Yes	
1	Biogenic	No	No significant emissions present from category.
2	Imported Energy - Market	Yes	
2	Imported Energy - Location	Yes	
3	Goods & Services	Yes	
3	Capital Goods	Yes	
3	Upstream Energy	Yes	



3	Upstream Transportation & Distribution	Yes	
3	Waste	Yes	
3	Business Travel	Yes	
3	Employee Commuting	Yes	
3	Upstream Leased Assets	No	No significant emissions present from category.
3	Downstream Transportation & Distribution	No	Not within 'Cradle to Gate' boundary.
3	Processing of Sold Goods	No	Not within 'Cradle to Gate' boundary.
3	Use of Sold goods	No	Not within 'Cradle to Gate' boundary.
3	EoL Treatment of Sold Goods	No	Not within 'Cradle to Gate' boundary.
3	Downstream Leased Assets	No	Not within 'Cradle to Gate' boundary.
3	Franchises	No	Not within 'Cradle to Gate' boundary.

Table 4. Scope of Emissions Calculation

### 5. Benchmark Year

This is the first time the company has measured and reported on its carbon emissions, and therefore, this is the benchmark year, i.e. from January-2024 to December-2024.

#### 6. Carbon Emissions Overview

Total Carbon Emissions: 13,117.41 t<sub>co2e</sub> (tonnes CO2e)

The calculated emissions for the business for the period Jan/24 - Dec/24 are 13,117.41 tCO2e. This is the first year the company has measured its carbon emissions. As such, this is the benchmark year of the company, with the breakdown of emissions analysed throughout this report.

Scope 3:



# 7. Analysis by Scope

0.00 -



Figure 1. Analysis by Scope Chart

Scope 2 (Location):

Scope 2 (Market):

Scope	t <sub>CO2e</sub>	%
Scope 1	331.23	2.53%
Scope 2	222.66	1.70%
Scope 3	12,563.52	95.78%
Total	13,117.41	

Table 5. Analysis by Scope



# 8. Emissions By Category

# Emissions Breakdown by Category

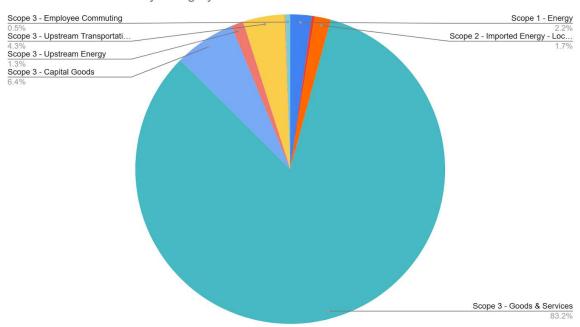


Figure 2. Emissions by Category Chart



Scope	Category	Emissions (t <sub>CO2e</sub> )	Contribution	Data Source
1	Energy	291.80	2.22%	Invoices, SEAI Data
1	Refrigerant	39.43	0.30%	Engineer Reports
2	Imported Energy - Market	0.00	-	Invoices
2	Imported Energy - Location	222.66	1.70%	Invoices, SEAI Data
3	Goods & Services	10,912.33	83.19%	Invoices, various CEF libraries and assumptions available separately.
3	Capital Goods	837.44	6.38%	Invoices, various CEF libraries and assumptions available separately.
3	Upstream Energy	166.34	1.27%	SEAI Data
3	Upstream Transportation & Distribution	567.55	4.33%	Estiamted transport routes and UK government CEF data
3	Waste	0.17	0.00%	Waste Invoices, UK Government Data for EoL treatment
3	Business Travel	10.70	0.08%	Internal tracking, UK government Data for transport emissions
3	Employee Commuting	68.99	0.53%	Internal tracking, UK government Data for transport emissions

Table 6. Emissions by Activity



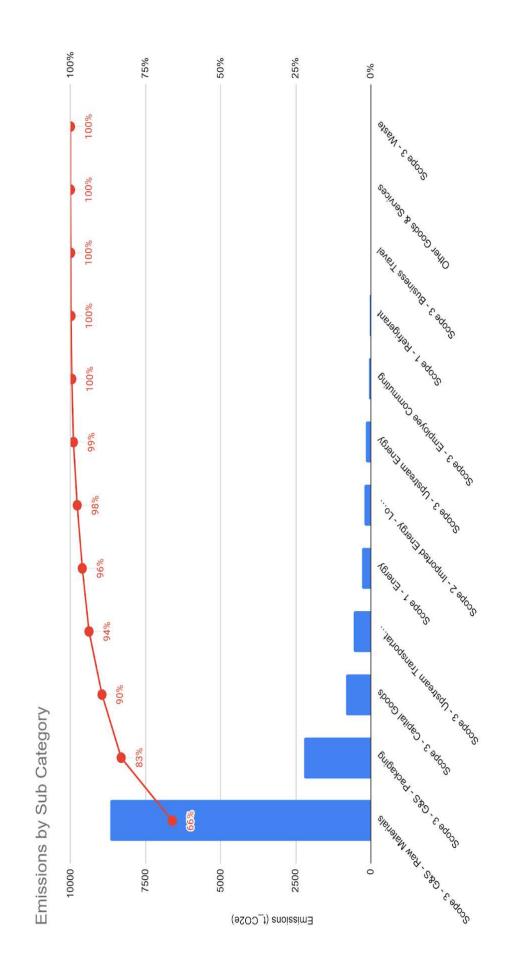


Figure 3. Top 10 Emissions Sources



Rank	Source	Emissions (t <sub>co2e</sub> )	Contribution to Total
1	Scope 3 - G&S - Raw Materials	8,670.12	66%
2	Scope 3 - G&S - Packaging	2,233.23	83%
3	Scope 3 - Capital Goods	837.44	90%
4	Scope 3 - Upstream Transportation & Distribution	567.55	94%
5	Scope 1 - Energy	291.80	96%
6	Scope 2 - Imported Energy - Location	222.66	98%
7	Scope 3 - Upstream Energy	166.34	99%
8	Scope 3 - Employee Commuting	68.99	100%
9	Scope 1 - Refrigerant	39.43	100%
10	Scope 3 - Business Travel	10.70	100%
11	Other Goods & Services	8.98	100%
12	Scope 3 - Waste	0.17	100%

Table 7: Emissions Sources by Sub Category



### 9. Intensity Metric Analysis

#### Metric 1:

Total Emissions per No. of Employees

	Emissions (t <sub>CO2e</sub> )	Employees (No.)	Emissions Intensity (t <sub>CO2e</sub> /No.)
Benchmark - 2024	13,117.41	95.00	138.08

#### Table 8. Metric 1 Data

As the first year of analysis, there is no comparison to undertake for this metric. The key variable, No. of Employees, is equal to 95. This metric should be monitored in future years to measure carbon emissions performance.

#### Metric 2:

Direct Emissions per m2 of Floor Space

	Emissions (t <sub>CO2e</sub> )	Floor Space (m2)	Emissions Intensity (t <sub>CO2e</sub> /m2)
Benchmark - 2024	553.89	7,740.00	0.07

#### Table 9. Metric 2 Data

As the first year of analysis, there is no comparison to undertake for this metric. This metric should be monitored in future years to measure carbon emissions performance.

#### Metric 3:

Direct Emissions per t of Product

	Emissions (t <sub>co2e</sub> )	Product (t)	Emissions Intensity (t <sub>CO2e</sub> /t)
Benchmark - 2024	1,998,643.03	1,413.73	1,413.73

#### Table 10. Metric 3 Data

As the first year of analysis, there is no comparison to undertake for this metric. This metric should be monitored in future years to measure carbon emissions performance.



# 10. Past Performance & Emissions Reductions Targets

The following graph summarises the carbon emissions reduction targets.

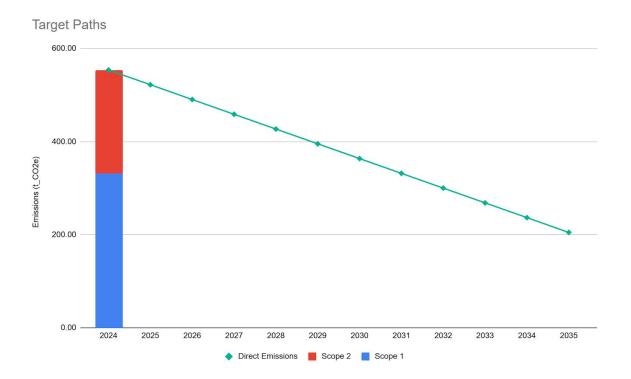


Figure 4 Emissions Reduction Targets Line Chart



#### 11. Carbon Reduction Plan

The current roadmap for Univet is presented in the figure below. A list of energy and carbon saving initiatives were identified through an energy audit in June 2025. These identified initiatives will achieve a significant reduction in current direct emissions. Additionally, between now and the near-term SBTi target deadline (2035) the expected carbon emissions intensity of the irish grid is expected to reduce by 35% as a conservative estimate.

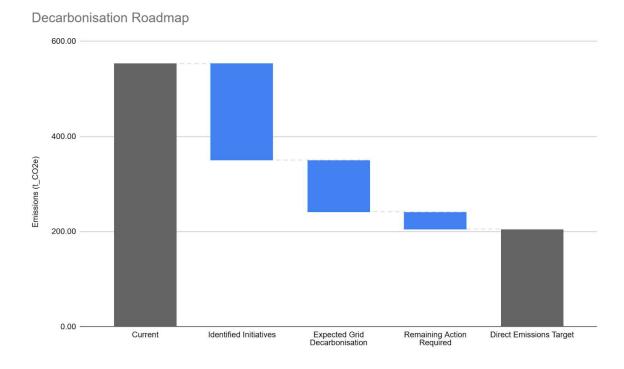
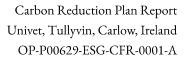


Figure 5. Carbon Reduction Roadmap





To reach the remaining targets, Univet will develop the following initiatives to support the company's strategies to meet Science Based Targets:

Initiative	Action
Employee engagement	<ul> <li>We will formulate our strategy in 2025, including a clear plan for employee engagement. At the board level, this strategy will be communicated throughout the organisation to ensure alignment and commitment.</li> <li>We will share this report with staff and engage them to report employee commuting data by educating them on the importance of tracking their commuting data and offering incentives for sustainable travel options.</li> </ul>
Sustainable travel expenses policy	We will encourage use of public transport / lower carbon transport first where practical to do so.
Sustainable supplier policy	We will create a supplier engagement strategy in 2025 to launch in 2026.
Energy review	<ul> <li>We are working with suppliers re: tariffs etc across the entire estate and hope to conclude this in 2026.</li> <li>Switch all tariffs to SEAI-certified sources</li> <li>Progress energy saving initiatives</li> </ul>
Data Quality	To improve the quality and accuracy of data to ensure more accurate measurement of our emissions.
Company-owned vehicles	Complete the transition of the company-owned fleet from internal combustion engine to electric and other low carbon alternatives in line with the developments in the car market.
Training	To provide Net Zero awareness to the team
Carbon Accounting Process	<ul> <li>Univet is committed to completing its carbon emissions dashboard on a regular basis. This is overseen by a member of the Senior Management Team and shared with the wider team on a quarterly basis.</li> <li>By partnering with Celtic Dynamics, we gain access to their support in reporting our emissions and how to reduce them, including best practice and insights.</li> <li>We will promote our activities on social media to encourage others to make lower-carbon decisions.</li> </ul>
Collaboration	We will work with local businesses and organisations to support collective action toward reducing carbon emissions and promoting sustainability.

Signed on behalf of Univet		
Name: Conor Crowe		
Position: Maintenance Manager		
Date:		



### 12. Emissions Data

The data contained in the table below represents the total emissions calculated and is consistent with SECR requirements. All sources of emissions that have been measured are included in the totals below. Emissions from key activities are summarised in the previous sections.

<b>Current Reporting Year January-2024 to Decem</b>	ber-2024
Energy consumption used to calculate	
emissions Electricity Scope 2 - Ireland and	
Offshore (kWh)	968,518.00
Energy consumption used to calculate	
emissions – Global, excluding Ireland and	
Offshore (kWh)	2,241,071.00
Basis of Energy reporting (Location or Market)	Location
% of total energy sourced from certified	
renewable sources	100.00%
Emissions associated with energy consumption -	
IRE, Offshore and Global (tCO2e)	553.89
Emissions from activities for which the company	
is responsible including combustion of fuel and	
operation of facilities - Scope 1 (tCO2e)	331.23
Emissions from purchase of electricity, heat,	
steam and cooling purchased for own use -	
Scope 2 (tCO2e)	222.66
Total Scope 1 and 2 Emissions (tCO2e)	553.89
Emissions from upstream activities out of	
operational control - Scope 3 (tCO2e)	12,563.52
Emissions from use of sold products and	
services out of operational control - Scope 3	
(tCO2e)	0.00
Total Gross Scope 3 Emissions (tCO2e)	12,563.52
Total Scope 1, 2 and 3 Emissions (tCO2e)	13,117.41
Intensity ratio tCO2e (gross Scope 1, 2 and 3)	
per employee	138.08
Carbon offsets (tCO2e)	0
Total Annual Net Emissions (tCO2e)	13,117.41

Table 11. Emissions Data



### 13. Standard and Methodology Used

Univet categorises its Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions as Scope 1, 2 or 3 as referred to in the WBCSD – WRI Greenhouse Gas Protocol (revised edition, dated March 2014). Emissions in Carbon Dioxide equivalent ( $CO_2e$ ) for all scopes are calculated using the conversion factors listed in the SEAI's Conversion and Emission Factors document for the relevant 12-month period over which the Carbon emissions are calculated. Procured renewable electricity and gas are calculated in accordance with the WBCSD – WSI Scope 2 Guidance on procured renewable energy (2015).

### 14. Data Quality / Confidence

The data used to generate this report has been collected from various sources from both within the company and using assumptions gathered by Celtic Dynamics. These emissions have been converted to  $CO_2e$  using the GHG Protocol and BEIS frameworks and conversion factors for the relevant period.

# 15. Declaration and Sign-off

This Carbon Reduction Plan has been completed in accordance with Streamlined Energy and Carbon Reporting (SECR), PPN 06/21 and associated guidance and reporting standards for Carbon Reduction Plans.

Emissions have been reported and recorded in accordance with the published reporting standard for Carbon Reduction Plans and the GHG Reporting Protocol corporate standard, and use the appropriate Government emission conversion factors for greenhouse gas company reporting.

Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions have been reported in accordance with SECR requirements, and the required subset of Scope 3 emissions has been reported in accordance with the published reporting standard for Carbon Reduction Plans and the Corporate Value Chain (Scope 3) Standard.

This Carbon Reduction Plan has been reviewed and signed off by the board of directors (or equivalent management body).

Signed on behalf of Celtic Dynamics Engineering Limited

Name: **Dylan Walsh** 

Position: Chief Executive Officer

Date: 28/08/2025



# 16. Glossary

Benchmark Data	The chosen 12-month period sets the calculated emissions that
	need to be mitigated and/or offset.
Carbon Reduction	Reduction in measured CO₂e emissions
Carbon Reduction Plan	Plan to reduce $\mathrm{CO}_2$ e emissions over a period of time, updated annually
Carbon Emissions (Gross)	CO <sub>2</sub> e emissions from Company activities
Carbon Emissions (Net)	$\mathrm{CO}_2\mathrm{e}$ emissions from Company activities minus verified carbon offsets the Company purchases
Carbon Neutral	When emissions are fully offset including those emissions that could be mitigated.
Carbon Offsets	A removal or reduction of carbon emissions through a verified scheme.
CO <sub>2</sub> e	All greenhouse gases expressed in terms of Carbon Dioxide equivalent ( $CO_2e$ ) for consistency of reporting.
SEAI	Sustainable Energy Authority of Ireland (https://www.seai.ie/data-and-insights/seai-statistics/conversion-factors)
EEIO	Environmentally Extended Input Output – Emissions estimated on spend https://ghgprotocol.org/
GHG Protocol	Greenhouse Gas Protocol https://ghgprotocol.org/
Greenhouse Gases	Carbon Dioxide ( ${\rm CO_2}$ ), Methane ( ${\rm CH_4}$ ), Nitrous Oxide ( ${\rm N_2O}$ ), Chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs and HCFCs), Hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs), Perfluorocarbons (PFCs), Sulphur Hexafluoride ( ${\rm SF_6}$ )
Greenhouse Gas Conversion Factors	Annually published conversion factors normally published by relevant government departments. Converts activity into $\mathrm{CO}_2\mathrm{e}$ emissions.
Greenhouse Gas Emissions (GHG)	Gases in the atmosphere that absorb and radiate heat
Intensity Metric/Ratio	A metric that measures carbon emissions per relevant unit of activity in a business.
Market Reporting v Location Reporting	The market is based on specific tariffs. Location is based on the country from which you are reporting.
Net Zero	GHG emissions are mitigated and those that cannot are offset
Renewable Tariff	An energy tariff that is 100% powered by renewable energy and is



	certified.
SBT	Science Based Targets – reducing emissions by 50% by 2030 and by 90% by 2050 and offsetting the remaining amount.
Scope 1	The fuels that are burnt (gas, transport the company owns, refrigerant gases)
Scope 2	The energy that is bought (electricity from the grid, purchased heat)
Scope 3	Emissions embedded in everything a company buys and emitted as a consequence of everything a company sells.
SECR	Streamlined Energy and Carbon Reporting
tCO₂e	Metric tonnes of CO₂ equivalent emitted.
WBCSD	World Business Council for Sustainable Development <a href="https://www.wbcsd.org/">https://www.wbcsd.org/</a>
WRI	World Resource Institute <a href="https://www.wri.org/">https://www.wri.org/</a>